

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT TACOMA

KYLE LEE PAYMENT,

Plaintiff,

v.

CHERYL ROIKO, PATRICK GLEBE,

Defendants.

CASE NO. C14-5633 BHS-KLS

**PRETRIAL SCHEDULING ORDER**

The Court hereby establishes the following pretrial schedule:

(1) Discovery

All discovery shall be completed by **April 10, 2015**. Service of responses to interrogatories and to requests to produce, and the taking of depositions, shall be completed by this date. Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 33(a) requires answers or objections to be served within thirty (30) days after service of the interrogatories. The serving party, therefore, must serve his/her interrogatories at least thirty (30) days before the deadline in order to allow the other party time to answer.

1           (2)    Dispositive Motions

2           Any dispositive motion shall be filed and served on or before **June 10, 2015**. Pursuant to  
3 LCR 7(b), any argument being offered in support of a motion shall be submitted as a part of the  
4 motion itself and not in a separate document. The motion shall include in its caption  
5 (immediately below the title of the motion) a designation of the date the motion is to be noted for  
6 consideration upon the Court's motion calendar. Dispositive motions shall be noted for  
7 consideration on a date no earlier than the fourth Friday following filing and service of the  
8 motion. LCR 7(d)(3).

9           All briefs and affidavits in opposition to any motion shall be filed and served pursuant to  
10 the requirements of Rule 7 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and LCR 7. The party  
11 making a motion may file and serve a reply to the opposing party's briefs and affidavits. Any  
12 reply brief shall also be filed and served pursuant to the requirements of Rule 7 of the Federal  
13 Rules of Civil Procedure and LCR 7.

14           Defendants are reminded that they **MUST** serve a *Rand* notice, in a separate document,  
15 concurrently with motions to dismiss based on a failure to exhaust and motions for summary  
16 judgment so that *pro se* prisoner plaintiffs will have fair, timely and adequate notice of what is  
17 required of them in order to oppose those motions. *Woods v. Carey*, 684 F.3d 934, 941 (9th Cir.  
18 2012). The Ninth Circuit has set forth model language for such notices:

19           A motion for summary judgment under Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of  
20 Civil Procedure will, if granted, end your case.

21           Rule 56 tells you what you must do in order to oppose a motion for  
22 summary judgment. Generally, summary judgment must be granted when  
23 there is no genuine issue of material fact – that is, if there is no real  
dispute about any fact that would affect the result of your case, the party  
who asked for summary judgment is entitled to judgment as a matter of  
law, which will end your case. When a party you are suing makes a

1 motion for summary judgment that is properly supported by declarations  
2 (or other sworn testimony), you cannot simply rely on what your  
3 complaint says. Instead, **you must set out specific facts in declarations,**  
4 **depositions, answers to interrogatories, or authenticated documents,**  
5 **as provided in Rule 56(e), that contradict the facts shown in the**  
6 **defendant's declarations and documents and show that there is a**  
7 **genuine issue of material fact for trial. If you do not submit your own**  
8 **evidence in opposition, summary judgment, if appropriate, may be**  
9 **entered against you. If summary judgment is granted, your case will**  
10 **be dismissed and there will be no trial.**

11 *Rand v. Rowland*, 154 F.3d 952, 963 (9th Cir. 1998) (emphasis added). Defendants who fail to  
12 file and serve the required *Rand* and notice on the plaintiff may have their motion stricken from  
13 the Court's calendar with leave to re-file.

14 (3) Joint Pretrial Statement

15 The parties are advised that a deadline for filing a Joint Pretrial Statement may be  
16 established at a later date pending the outcome of any dispositive motions.

17 (4) Proof of Service and Sanctions

18 All motions, pretrial statements and other filings shall be accompanied by proof that such  
19 documents have been served upon counsel for the opposing party or upon any party acting *pro*  
20 *se*. The proof of service shall show the day and manner of service and may be by written  
21 acknowledgment of service, by certificate of a member of the bar of this Court, by affidavit of  
22 the person who served the papers, or by any other proof satisfactory to the Court. Failure to  
23 comply with the provisions of the Order can result in dismissal/default judgment or other  
appropriate sanctions.

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Karen L. Strombom  
United States Magistrate Judge